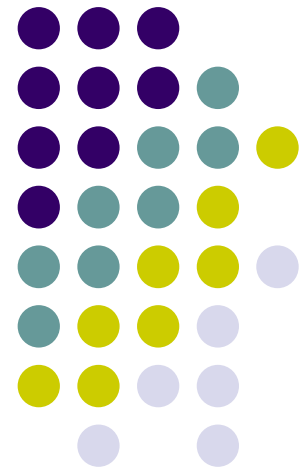


陣列與指標的關聯

C 語言中陣列是以指標實作的
陣列與指標在定義時, 使用記憶體不一
樣大, 但是在存取資料時幾乎是等效的



變數的位址

- 變數的位址是它所使用的記憶體中, 第一個位元組的編號

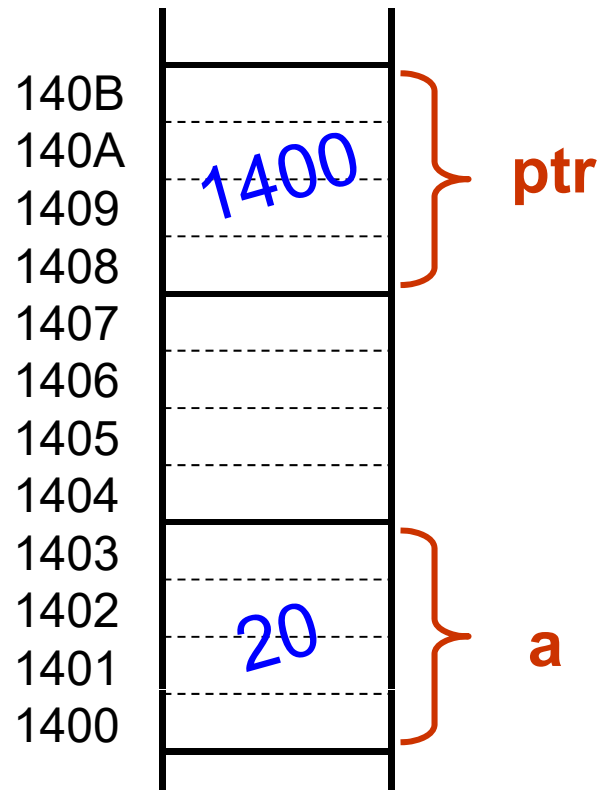


變數的位址



- 變數的位址是它所使用的記憶體中，第一個位元組的編號

```
int a = 20;  
int *ptr = &a;
```





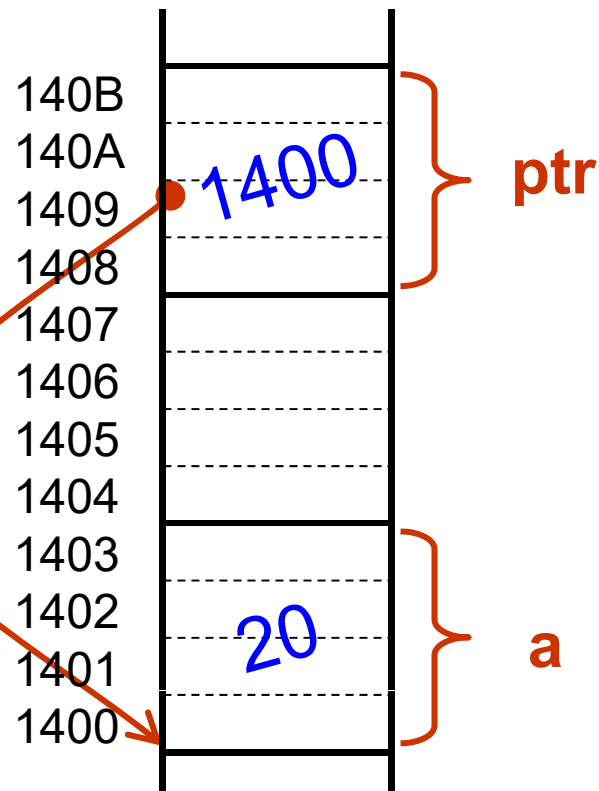
變數的位址

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```
int a = 20;
```

```
int *ptr = &a;
```

整數指標變數 ptr
記錄整數變數 a
的記憶體位址 &a
(ptr 指向整數變數 a)





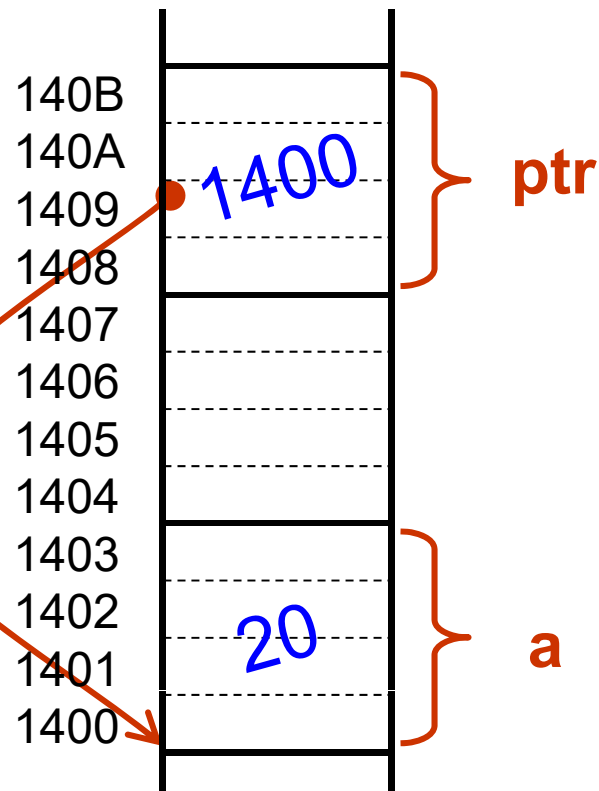
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int a = 20;
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```
int *ptr = &a;
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整數指標變數 `ptr`
記錄整數變數 `a`
的記憶體位址 `&a`
(`ptr` 指向整數變數 `a`)



```
a = 321  
*&a = 321;  
*ptr = 321;
```

- 拿到一個位址常數 `&a` 或是指標變數 `ptr`，主要目標是運用間接存取運算子 `*` 來存取安排在該位址的變數 `a`

一維陣列

- `int x[3];` 一次定義了



一維陣列

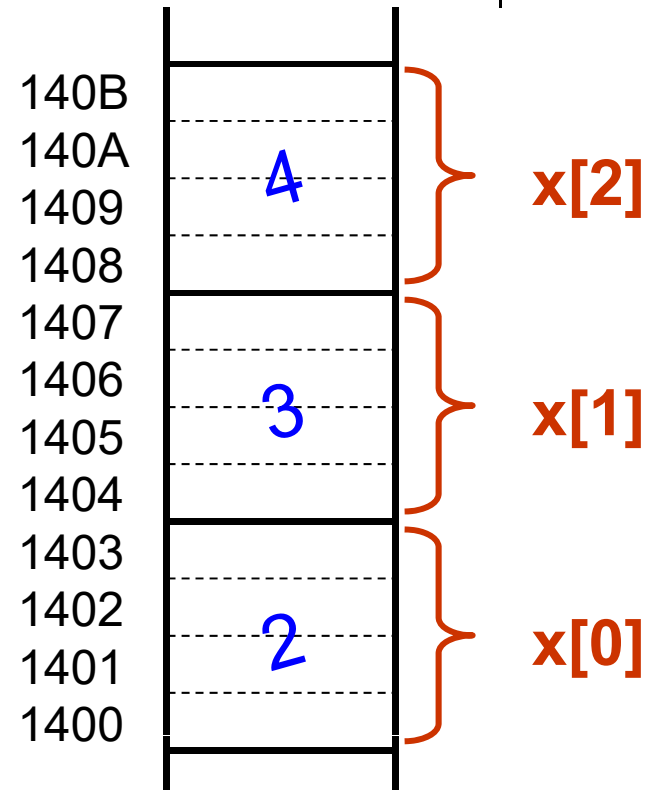
- `int x[3];` 一次定義了
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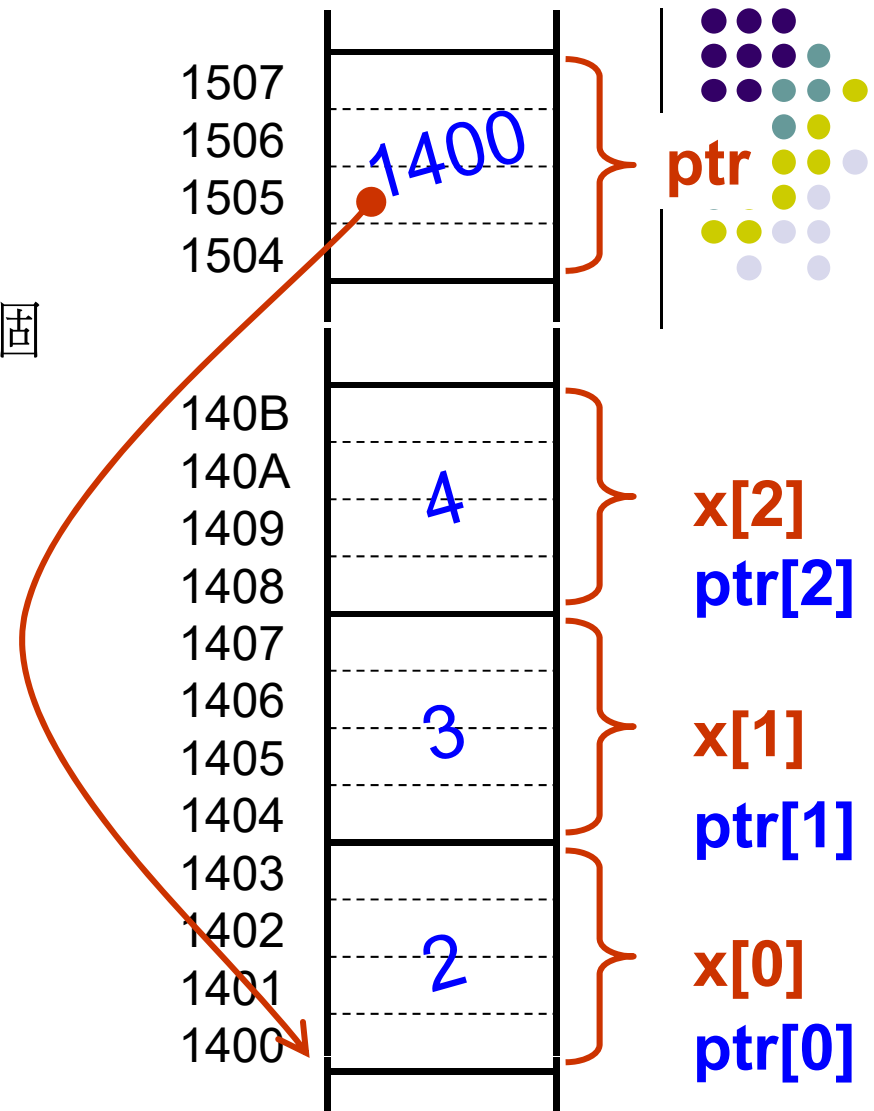
```
int x[3] = {2,3,4};
```



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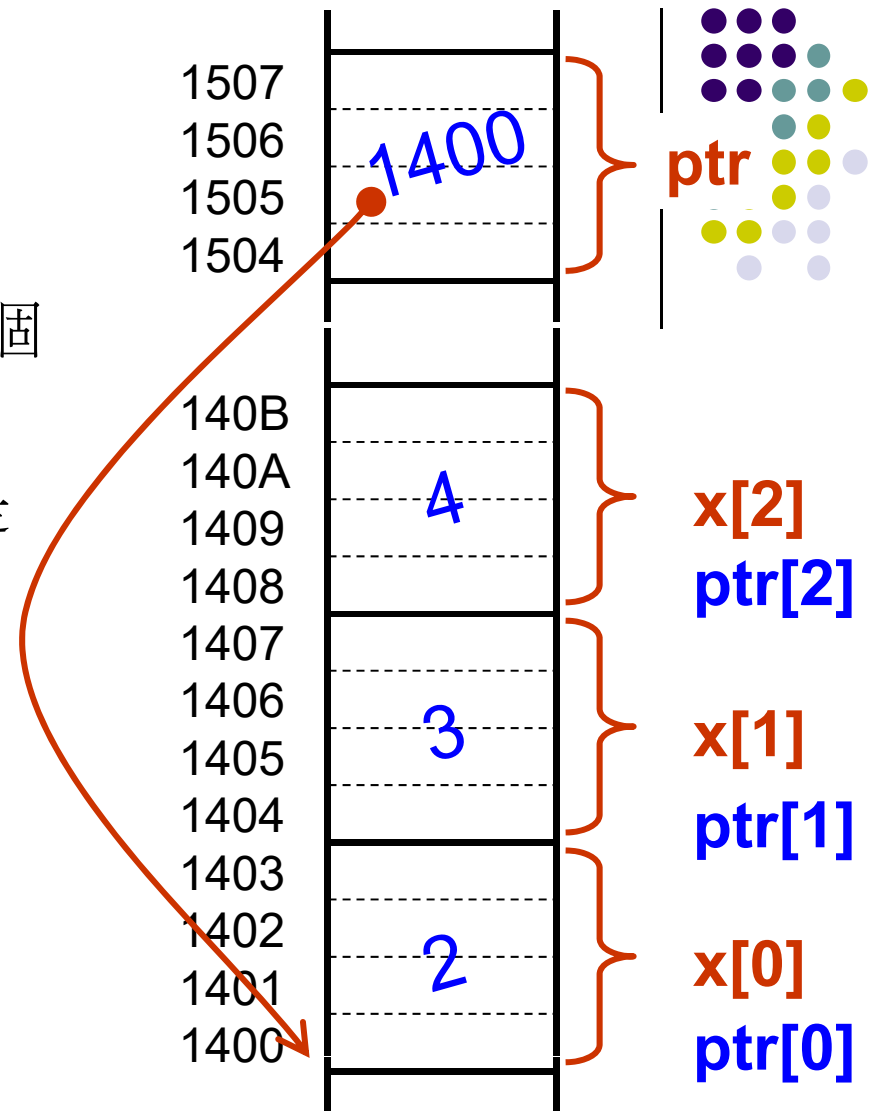
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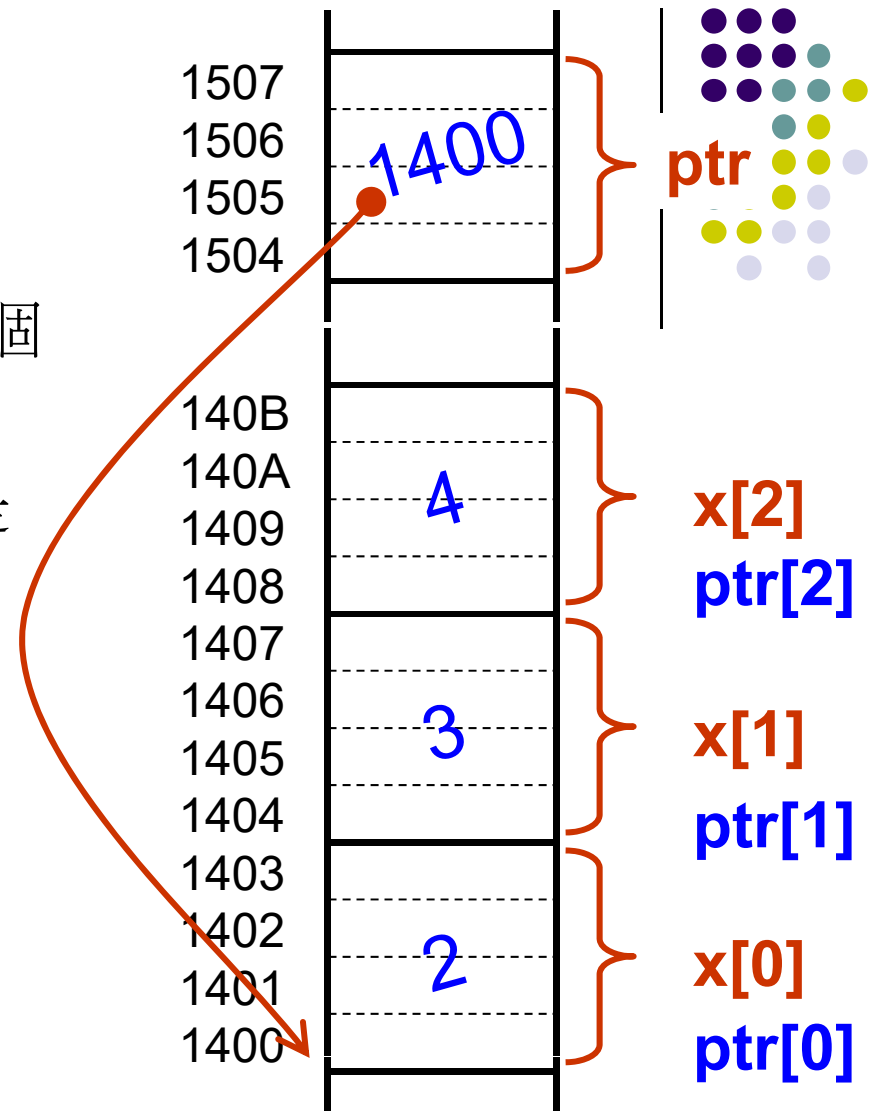


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少部分程式裡, 例如: `sizeof(x)` 和 `&x`,
`x` 代表 `int[3]` 這種型態的變數, `&x` 的型態是 `int (*)[3]`,
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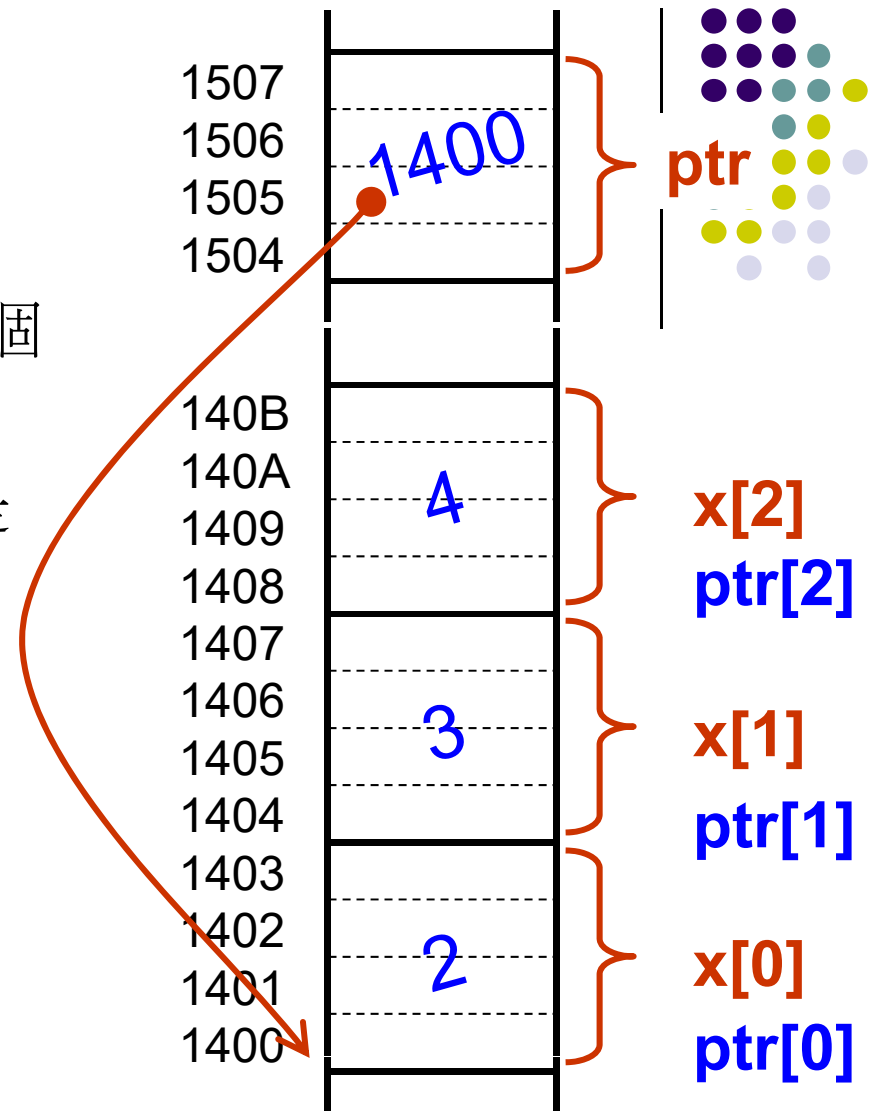


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差異表現在 `ptr=&x` 時 ① `ptr` 的型態、② `sizeof(*ptr)`、③ `ptr+k`、④ `ptr[k]`



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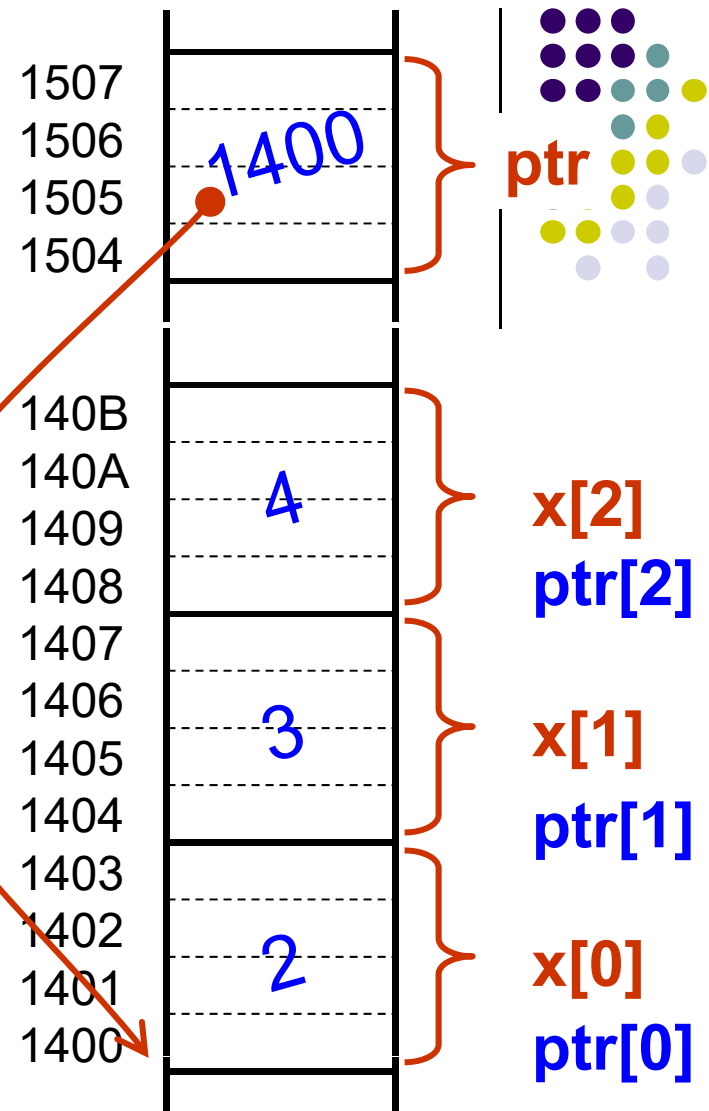
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int *ptr = x; // &x[0]
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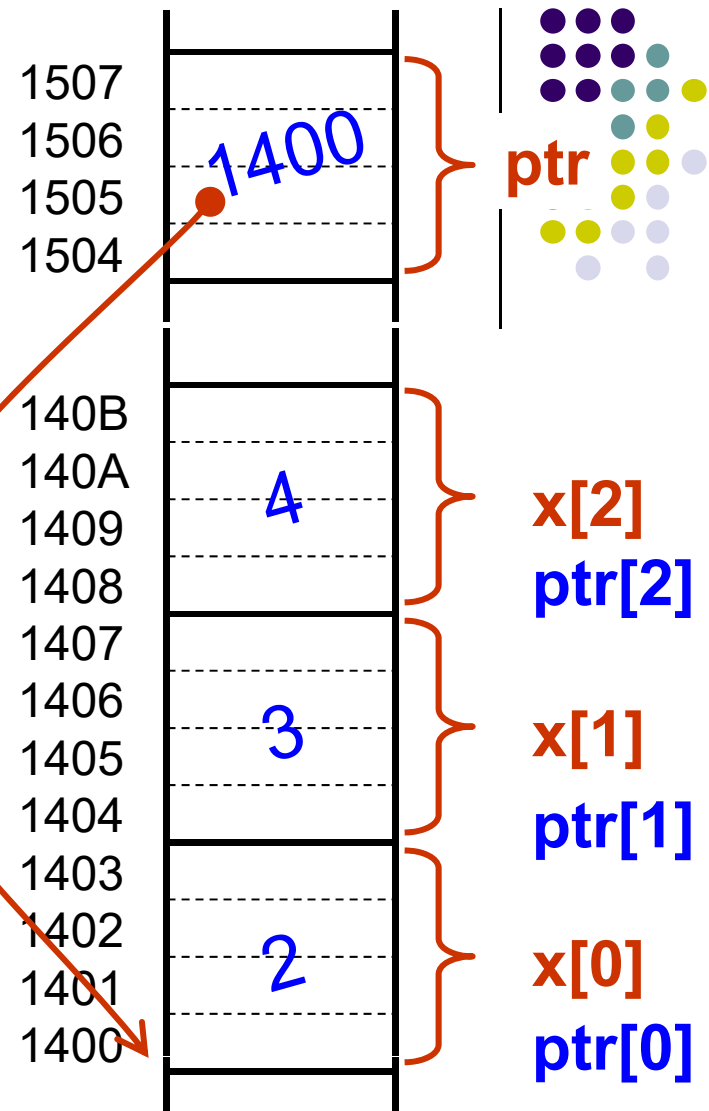
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差異表現在 `ptr=&x` 時 ① `ptr` 的型態、② `sizeof(*ptr)`、③ `ptr+k`、④ `ptr[k]`

需要記憶體位址的地方, `x` 代表陣列第一個元素的位址 `&x[0]`, 型態是 `int *const`



二維陣列

- `int x[5][3];` 一次定義了



二維陣列

- `int x[5][3];` 一次定義了
 - 存放在連續記憶體裡面的十五個整數變數, 依序是 `x[0][0]`, `x[0][1]`, `x[0][2]`, `x[1][0]`, ..., `x[4][2]`



二維陣列



- `int x[5][3];` 一次定義了
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二維陣列



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 - 五個指向整數變數的指標常數 `x[0]`, `x[1]`, ..., `x[4]`, 型態是 `int *const` 或是 `int[3]`

二維陣列



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```
int x[5][3];
```

二維陣列



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```
int x[5][3];
```

```
int (*ptr)[3] = x; // 或 &x[0]
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二維陣列



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int x[5][3];
```

```
int (*ptr)[3] = x; // 或 &x[0]
```

```
int *ptr = x[1]; // 或 &x[1][0]
```

二維陣列



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int x[5][3];
```

```
int (*ptr)[3] = x; // 或 &x[0]
```

```
int *ptr = x[1]; // 或 &x[1][0]
```

完全不會出現 `int **` 的型態

一維指標陣列

- `int *x[3];` 一次定義了



一維指標陣列



- `int *x[3];` 一次定義了
 - 存放在連續記憶體裡面的三個整數指標變數 `x[0]`, `x[1]`, 與 `x[2]`

一維指標陣列



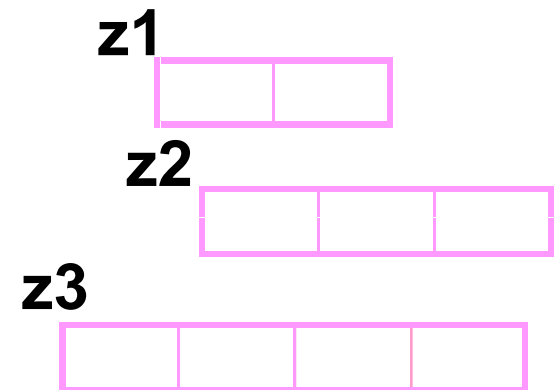
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```
int z1[2], z2[3], z3[4];
```

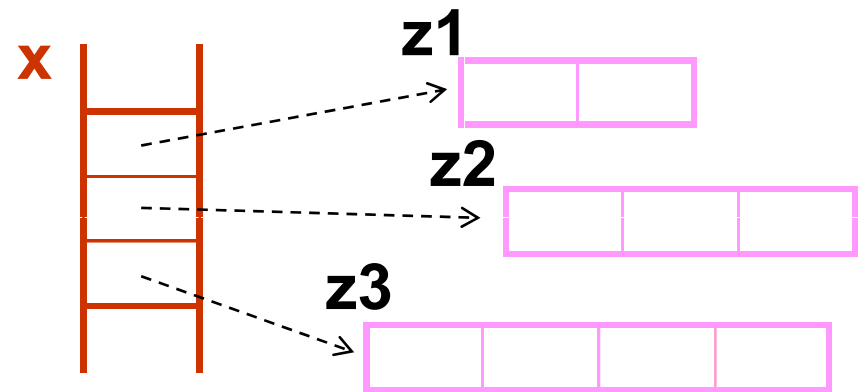


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```
int z1[2], z2[3], z3[4];  
int *x[3] = {z1,z2,z3};
```

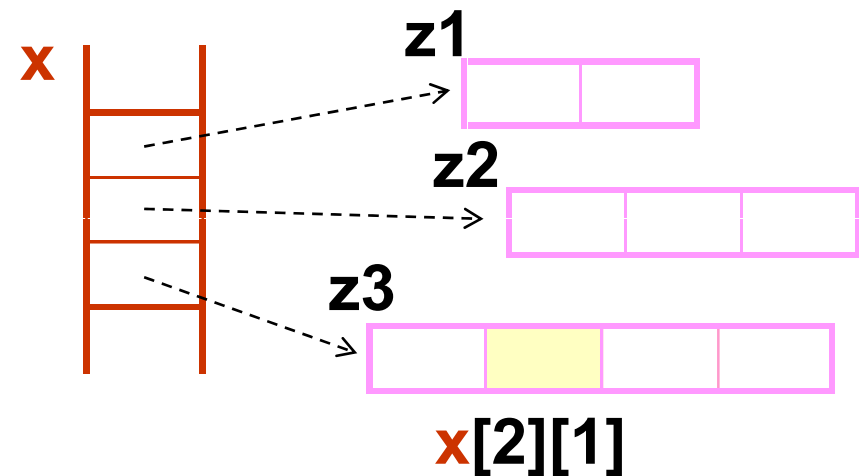


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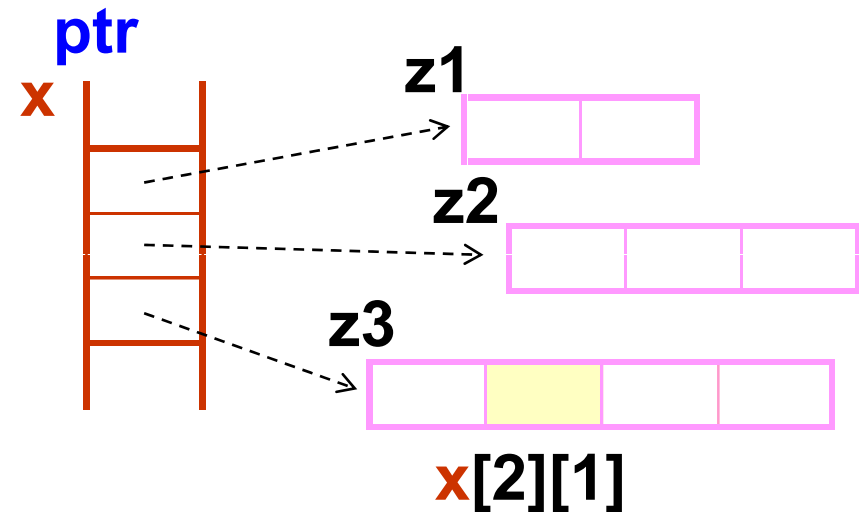


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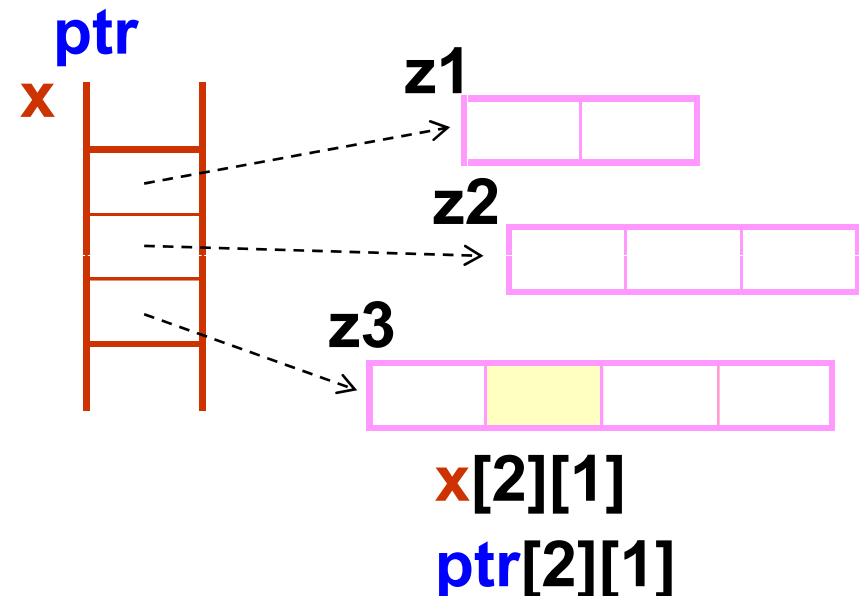


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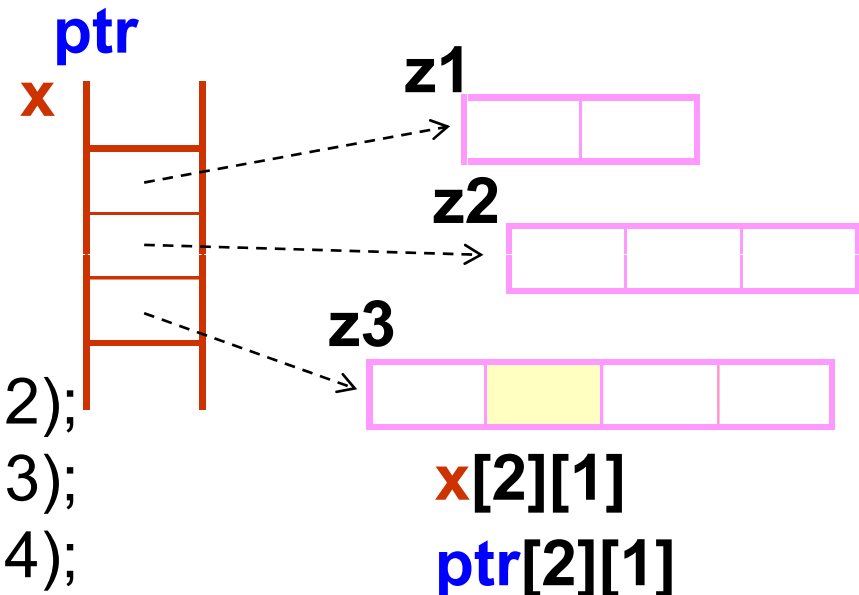


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int **ptr = x; // &x[0]
```

比較常看到用來組織動態配置的記憶體

```
int *z1=(int*) malloc(sizeof(int)*2);  
int *z2=(int*) malloc(sizeof(int)*3);  
int *z3=(int*) malloc(sizeof(int)*4);
```



動態配置 $m \times n$ 二維陣列



- 在 Heap 區域配置 m 列 n 行的二維陣列
- 範例

```
int i, j, m=5, n=3;  
int **x;
```

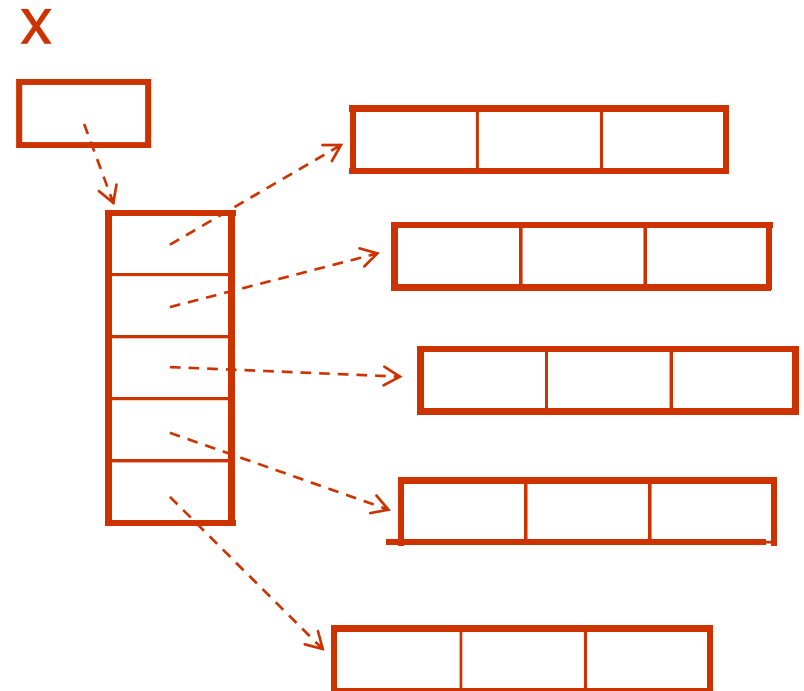
Conceptual layout

```
x = (int **) malloc(sizeof(int *)*m);  
for (i=0; i<m; i++)  
    x[i] = (int *) malloc(sizeof(int)*n);
```

```
for (i=0; i<m; i++)  
    for (j=0; j<n; j++)  
        x[i][j] = 0;
```

```
fun(x);
```

```
for (i=0; i<m; i++)  
    free(x[i]);  
free(x);
```



void fun(int **const intarray) { ... } or void fun(int *intarray[]) { ... }

C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的



C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的

- C/C++ **array** syntax is **one dimensional**



C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的

- C/C++ **array** syntax is **one dimensional**

```
int x[3];
```



C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的

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`int x[3];` 3-element array of `int`



C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的



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- What?

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- **What?** How about `int x[4][3];` or `int y[5][4][3];`

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- Actually compiler treats them as:

`int x[4][3];` 4-element array of `int[3]`

`int y[5][4][3];` 5-element array of `int[4][3]`

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- **What?** How about `int x[4][3];` or `int y[5][4][3];`

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`int x[4][3];` 4-element array of `int[3]`

`int y[5][4][3];` 5-element array of `int[4][3]`

- Another way to define array

`typedef int INT3[3];`

C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的



- C/C++ **array** syntax is **one dimensional**

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- **What?** How about `int x[4][3];` or `int y[5][4][3];`

- Actually compiler treats them as:

`int x[4][3];` 4-element array of `int[3]`

`int y[5][4][3];` 5-element array of `int[4][3]`

- Another way to define array

`typedef int INT3[3];` `INT3 x[4];`

C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的



- C/C++ **array** syntax is **one dimensional**

```
int x[3];    3-element array of int
```

- **What?** How about `int x[4][3];` or `int y[5][4][3];`

- Actually compiler treats them as:

```
int x[4][3];    4-element array of int[3]
```

```
int y[5][4][3]; 5-element array of int[4][3]
```

- Another way to define array `int x[4][3];`

```
typedef int INT3[3]; INT3 x[4];
```

C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的



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```
int x[4][3];    4-element array of int[3]
```

```
int y[5][4][3]; 5-element array of int[4][3]
```

- Another way to define array `int x[4][3];`

```
typedef int INT3[3]; INT3 x[4];
```

```
typedef int INT4x3[4][3];
```

C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的



- C/C++ **array** syntax is **one dimensional**

```
int x[3];    3-element array of int
```

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```
int x[4][3];    4-element array of int[3]
```

```
int y[5][4][3]; 5-element array of int[4][3]
```

- Another way to define array `int x[4][3];`

```
typedef int INT3[3]; INT3 x[4];
```

```
typedef int INT4x3[4][3]; INT4x3 y[5];
```

C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的



- C/C++ **array** syntax is **one dimensional**

`int x[3];` 3-element array of `int`

- **What?** How about `int x[4][3];` or `int y[5][4][3];`

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`int x[4][3];` 4-element array of `int[3]`

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`typedef int INT3[3];` `INT3 x[4];`

`int y[5][4][3];`

`typedef int INT4x3[4][3];` `INT4x3 y[5];`

C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的



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`int x[4][3];` 4-element array of `int[3]`

`int y[5][4][3];` 5-element array of `int[4][3]`

- Another way to define array `int x[4][3];`

```
typedef int INT3[3]; INT3 x[4]; INT4x3 x;  
int y[5][4][3];
```

```
typedef int INT4x3[4][3]; INT4x3 y[5];
```

C/C++ 的陣列都是一維的



- C/C++ **array** syntax is **one dimensional**

```
int x[3];    3-element array of int
```

- **What?** How about `int x[4][3];` or `int y[5][4][3];`

- Actually compiler treats them as:

```
int x[4][3];    4-element array of int[3]
```

```
int y[5][4][3]; 5-element array of int[4][3]
```

- Another way to define array `int x[4][3];`

```
typedef int INT3[3]; INT3 x[4]; INT4x3 x;  
int y[5][4][3];
```

```
typedef int INT4x3[4][3]; INT4x3 y[5]; INT3 y[5][4];
```


sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(**int**)

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4
sizeof(int*)	

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4
sizeof(int*)	8

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4
sizeof(int*)	8
sizeof(int[4])	

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4
sizeof(int*)	8
sizeof(int[4])	16

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4
sizeof(int*)	8
sizeof(int[4])	16
sizeof(int*[4])	

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4
sizeof(int*)	8
sizeof(int[4])	16
sizeof(int*[4])	32

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4
sizeof(int*)	8
sizeof(int[4])	16
sizeof(int*[4])	32
sizeof(x)	

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4	
sizeof(int*)	8	
sizeof(int[4])	16	
sizeof(int*[4])	32	
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4	
sizeof(int*)	8	
sizeof(int[4])	16	
sizeof(int*[4])	32	
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]
sizeof((int*)x)		

sizeof()



```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```

sizeof(int)	4	
sizeof(int*)	8	
sizeof(int[4])	16	
sizeof(int*[4])	32	
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)
sizeof(int*)	8	
sizeof(int[4])	16	
sizeof(int*[4])	32	
sizeof(x)	16 int[4]	
sizeof((int*)x)	8 int*	

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x) sizeof(*(int*)x)
sizeof(int*)	8	
sizeof(int[4])	16	
sizeof(int*[4])	32	
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*

sizeof()



```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```

sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*(int*)x)	4	int
sizeof(int[4])	16			
sizeof(int*[4])	32			
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]		
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*		

sizeof()



```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```

sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4 int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	
sizeof(int[4])	16		
sizeof(int*[4])	32		
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]	
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*	

sizeof()



```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```

sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4 int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	
		sizeof(y[0])	
sizeof(int[4])	16		
sizeof(int*[4])	32		
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]	
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*	

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	16	int[4]
		sizeof(y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int[4])	16			
sizeof(int*[4])	32			
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]		
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*		

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	16	int[4]
		sizeof(y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int[4])	16	sizeof(*&y[0])		
sizeof(int*[4])	32			
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]		
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*		

sizeof()

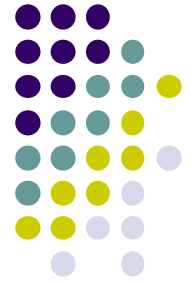
```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	16	int[4]
		sizeof(y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int[4])	16	sizeof(*&y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int*[4])	32			
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]		
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*		

sizeof()

```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```



sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*(int*)x)	16	int[4]
sizeof(int[4])	16	sizeof(*&x)	16	int[4]
sizeof(int*[4])	32	sizeof(y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(x)	16	sizeof(*&y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof((int*)x)	8	sizeof(y)		

sizeof()



```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```

sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	16	int[4]
		sizeof(y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int[4])	16	sizeof(*&y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int*[4])	32	sizeof(y)	80	int[5][4]
sizeof(x)	16			int[4]
sizeof((int*)x)	8			int*

sizeof()



```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```

sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	16	int[4]
		sizeof(y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int[4])	16	sizeof(*&y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int*[4])	32	sizeof(y)	80	int[5][4]
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]		sizeof(*y[0])
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*		

sizeof()



```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```

sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	16	int[4]
		sizeof(y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int[4])	16	sizeof(*&y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int*[4])	32	sizeof(y)	80	int[5][4]
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]	sizeof(*y[0])	16
			sizeof(*(int*)y[0])	4
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*		

sizeof()



```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```

sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	16	int[4]
		sizeof(y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int[4])	16	sizeof(*&y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int*[4])	32	sizeof(y)	80	int[5][4]
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]	sizeof(*y[0])	4
			sizeof(*(int*)y[0])	int
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*		

sizeof()



```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```

sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	16	int[4]
		sizeof(y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int[4])	16	sizeof(*&y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int*[4])	32	sizeof(y)	80	int[5][4]
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]	sizeof(*y[0])	4
			sizeof(*(int*)y[0])	int
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*	sizeof(*y)	

sizeof()



```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```

sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	16	int[4]
		sizeof(y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int[4])	16	sizeof(*&y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int*[4])	32	sizeof(y)	80	int[5][4]
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]	sizeof(*y[0])	4
			sizeof(*(int*)y[0])	int
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*	sizeof(*y)	
			sizeof(*(int(*)[4])y)	

sizeof()



```
int x[4], y[5][4];
```

sizeof(int)	4	sizeof(*x)	4	int
		sizeof(*(int*)x)	4	int
sizeof(int*)	8	sizeof(*&x)	16	int[4]
		sizeof(y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int[4])	16	sizeof(*&y[0])	16	int[4]
sizeof(int*[4])	32	sizeof(y)	80	int[5][4]
sizeof(x)	16	int[4]	sizeof(*y[0])	4
			sizeof(*(int*)y[0])	int
sizeof((int*)x)	8	int*	sizeof(*y)	16
			sizeof(*(int(*)[4])y)	int[4]

指標的型態

```
int x[4], y[5][4], a, z[6][5][4];
```

```
int *ptrI, (*ptrI4)[4], (*ptrI5x4)[5][4];
```



指標的型態



```
int x[4], y[5][4], a, z[6][5][4];
```

```
int *ptrI, (*ptrI4)[4], (*ptrI5x4)[5][4];
```

```
ptrI4 = &x; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

指標的型態



```
int x[4], y[5][4], a, z[6][5][4];
```

```
int *ptrI, (*ptrI4)[4], (*ptrI5x4)[5][4];
```

```
ptrI4 = &x;    // type matched  int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI4 = y;    // type matched  int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```


指標的型態



```
int x[4], y[5][4], a, z[6][5][4];
```

```
int *ptrI, (*ptrI4)[4], (*ptrI5x4)[5][4];
```

```
ptrI4 = &x; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI4 = y; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI = x; // automatic type conversion int[4] => int *
```

指標的型態



```
int x[4], y[5][4], a, z[6][5][4];
```

```
int *ptrI, (*ptrI4)[4], (*ptrI5x4)[5][4];
```

```
ptrI4 = &x; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI4 = y; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI = x; // automatic type conversion int[4] => int *
```

```
ptrI = y[0]; // automatic type conversion int[4] => int *
```

指標的型態



```
int x[4], y[5][4], a, z[6][5][4];
```

```
int *ptrI, (*ptrI4)[4], (*ptrI5x4)[5][4];
```

```
ptrI4 = &x; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI4 = y; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI = x; // automatic type conversion int[4] => int *
```

```
ptrI = y[0]; // automatic type conversion int[4] => int *
```

```
//ptrI4 = &a; // error int * => int (*)[4]
```

指標的型態



```
int x[4], y[5][4], a, z[6][5][4];
```

```
int *ptrI, (*ptrI4)[4], (*ptrI5x4)[5][4];
```

```
ptrI4 = &x; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI4 = y; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI = x; // automatic type conversion int[4] => int *
```

```
ptrI = y[0]; // automatic type conversion int[4] => int *
```

```
// ptrI4 = &a; // error int * => int (*)[4]
```

```
// ptrI = &x; // error int (*)[4] => int *
```

指標的型態



```
int x[4], y[5][4], a, z[6][5][4];
```

```
int *ptrI, (*ptrI4)[4], (*ptrI5x4)[5][4];
```

```
ptrI4 = &x; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI4 = y; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI = x; // automatic type conversion int[4] => int *
```

```
ptrI = y[0]; // automatic type conversion int[4] => int *
```

```
//ptrI4 = &a; // error int * => int (*)[4]
```

```
//ptrI = &x; // error int (*)[4] => int *
```

```
ptrI5x4 = &y; // type matched int (*)[5][4] => int (*)[5][4]
```

指標的型態



```
int x[4], y[5][4], a, z[6][5][4];
```

```
int *ptrI, (*ptrI4)[4], (*ptrI5x4)[5][4];
```

```
ptrI4 = &x; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI4 = y; // type matched int (*)[4] => int (*)[4]
```

```
ptrI = x; // automatic type conversion int[4] => int *
```

```
ptrI = y[0]; // automatic type conversion int[4] => int *
```

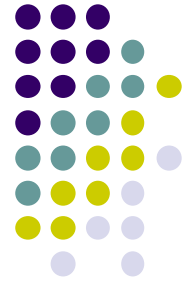
```
// ptrI4 = &a; // error int * => int (*)[4]
```

```
// ptrI = &x; // error int (*)[4] => int *
```

```
ptrI5x4 = &y; // type matched int (*)[5][4] => int (*)[5][4]
```

```
ptrI5x4 = z; // type matched int (*)[5][4] => int (*)[5][4]
```

函式參數的陣列宣告



```
int x[7]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7};  
int result = sum(x);  
printf("%d\n", result);
```

概念上最簡單的寫法

```
int sum(int x[7]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

函式參數的陣列宣告



```
int x[7]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7};  
int result = sum(x);  
printf("%d\n", result);
```

```
int sum(int x[7]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

```
int sum(int x[]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```


函式參數的陣列宣告



```
int x[7]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7};  
int result = sum(x);  
printf("%d\n", result);
```

```
int sum(int x[7]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

```
int sum(int x[]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

```
int sum(int *x) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

函式參數的陣列宣告



```
int x[7]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7};  
int result = sum(x);  
printf("%d\n", result);
```

```
int sum(int x[7]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

```
int sum(int x[]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

```
int sum(int *x) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

```
int sum(int *const x) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

函式參數的陣列宣告



```
int x[7]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7};  
int result = sum(x);  
printf("%d\n", result);  
printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));
```

```
int sum(int x[7]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

```
int sum(int *x) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

函式參數的陣列宣告



```
int x[7]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7};  
int result = sum(x);  
printf("%d\n", result);  
printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));
```

28

```
int sum(int x[7]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

```
int sum(int *x) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

函式參數的陣列宣告



```
int x[7]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7};  
int result = sum(x);  
printf("%d\n", result);  
printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));
```

28

```
int sum(int x[7]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));  
    return y;  
}
```

```
int sum(int *x) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

函式參數的陣列宣告



```
int x[7]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7};  
int result = sum(x);  
printf("%d\n", result);  
printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));
```

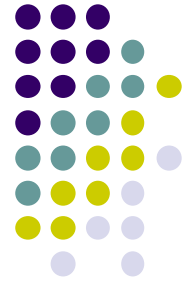
28

```
int sum(int x[7]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));  
    return y;  
}
```

8

```
int sum(int *x) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    return y;  
}
```

函式參數的陣列宣告



```
int x[7]={1,2,3,4,5,6,7};
int result = sum(x);
printf("%d\n", result);
printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));
```

28

```
int sum(int x[7]) {
    int i, y=0;
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)
        y += x[i];
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));
    return y;
}
```

8

咦! 這個陣列語法是假的

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int sum(int *x) {
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    for (i=0; i<7; i++)
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其實是指標耶!?!

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仔細比較一下

```
int sum(int x[7]) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));  
    return y; 8  
}
```

```
int sum(int x[7]) {  
    int i, y=0, z[3];  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
    printf("%d %d\n", sizeof(x), sizeof(z));  
    func(&x, &z);  
    return y;  
}
```

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int sum(int *x) {  
    int i, y=0;  
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)  
        y += x[i];  
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    func(&x, &z);
    return y;
}
```

8

12

```
int sum(int *x) {
    int i, y=0;
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)
        y += x[i];
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));
    return y;
}
```

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函式參數的陣列宣告



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    func(&x, &z);
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int sum(int *x) {
    int i, y=0;
    for (i=0; i<7; i++)
        y += x[i];
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));
    return y;
}
```

8

```
void func(int **x, int(*z)[3])
{
    ...
}
```

範例

```
int main() {  
    int x[4], y[5][4];  
    func(x, x, y, y);  
}
```



範例

```
void func(int x[4], int *const xptr,
```

```
int main() {  
    int x[4], y[5][4];  
    func(x, x, y, y);  
}
```



範例

```
void func(int x[4], int *const xptr,  
          int y[5][4], int (*const yptr)[4]) {
```

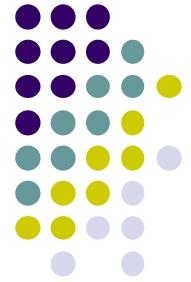
```
int main() {  
    int x[4], y[5][4];  
    func(x, x, y, y);  
}
```



範例

```
void func(int x[4], int *const xptr,  
          int y[5][4], int (*const yptr)[4]) {  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(xptr));  
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```

```
int main() {  
    int x[4], y[5][4];  
    func(x, x, y, y);  
}
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範例

```
void func(int x[4], int *const xptr,  
          int y[5][4], int (*const yptr)[4]) {  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(xptr));      8  
}
```

```
int main() {  
    int x[4], y[5][4];  
    func(x, x, y, y);  
}
```



範例

```
void func(int x[4], int *const xptr,  
          int y[5][4], int (*const yptr)[4]) {  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(xptr));      8  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(*xptr));
```

```
int main() {  
    int x[4], y[5][4];  
    func(x, x, y, y);  
}
```



範例

```
void func(int x[4], int *const xptr,  
          int y[5][4], int (*const yptr)[4]) {  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(xptr));      8  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(*xptr));    4
```

```
int main() {  
    int x[4], y[5][4];  
    func(x, x, y, y);  
}
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範例

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void func(int x[4], int *const xptr,  
          int y[5][4], int (*const yptr)[4]) {  
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```
int main() {  
    int x[4], y[5][4];  
    func(x, x, y, y);  
}
```



int*, not int[4]

範例

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void func(int x[4], int *const xptr,  
          int y[5][4], int (*const yptr)[4]) {  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(xptr));      8  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(*xptr));    4  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));        8  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(*x));
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int main() {  
    int x[4], y[5][4];  
    func(x, x, y, y);  
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int*, not int[4]



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int*, not int[4]
int

範例

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    printf("%d\n", sizeof(*xptr));    4  
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    printf("%d\n", sizeof(yptr));
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    printf("%d\n", sizeof(*xptr));    4  
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int main() {  
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int*, not int[4]
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範例

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    printf("%d\n", sizeof(x));        8  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(*x));       4  
  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(yptr));      8  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(*yptr));    16
```

int*, not int[4]

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int[4]

範例

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int main() {  
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    printf("%d\n", sizeof(yptr[0]));
```

int*, not int[4]

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int[4]

範例

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int*, not int[4]

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int*, not int[4]

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    printf("%d\n", sizeof(yptr[0]));  16  
  
    printf("%d\n", sizeof(y));        8
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int*, not int[4]
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int[4]
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int(*)[4], not int[5][4]

範例

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int*, not int[4]
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int[4]

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    printf("%d\n", sizeof(y[0]));  
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int*, not int[4]
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範例



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    printf("%d\n", sizeof(y));        8  
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int*, not int[4]
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